

we are called to suture particular pieces of memory now

POST CORE FOR LIFE

9th Amendment - The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people

6th Amendment - In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by the law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have the compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the Assistance of Counsel for his/her defence.

Remember....

Never consent to a search without a warrant! The search warrant must state what is to be searched, what the police are expecting to find and where they are to find it.

Always observe your right to remain silent when you are arrested and when you are jailed. Everything you say will be used against you! Save your story for the judge.

File complaints when your rights have been violated. Law enforcers need to understand that there will be consequences to their unjust behaviors.

CopWatch is a volunteer organization of concerned citizens who are fed up with police misconduct, harassment and brutality. We monitor the extensions of law enforcement in order to hold officer's accountable for their behavior in the community. We also seek to educate the general public about their rights so that citizens feel empowered to assert those rights when called upon.

Your rights are clearly stated in our Constitution...here are some you may have to defend:

1st Amendment - Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances.

4th Amendment - The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable search and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

KILL CAPITALISM BEFORE IT KILLS THE PLANET

No, listen, what happened was this: they lied to you, sold you ideas of good & evil, gave you distrust of your body & shame for your phrophethood of chaos, invented words of disgust for your molecular love, mesmerized you with inattention, board you with civilization & all its unserious emotions.

WA AT MORE

being even-handed and going after violent right-wing groups, the FBI actually gave covert aid to the Ku Klux Klan, Minutemen, Nazis, and other racist vigilantes. These groups received substantial funds, information, and protection—and suffered only token FBI harassment—so long as they directed their violence against CONTELPRO targets. They were not subject to serious disruption unless they branched out into such under-standing and attacked established business and political leaders.

How CONTELPRO Helped Destroy the Movements of the 1960s

Since CONTELPRO was used mainly against the progressive movements of the 1960s, its impact can be grasped only in the context of the momentous social upheaval which shook the country during those years.

All across the United States, Black communities came alive with renewed political struggle. Most major cities experienced sustained, disciplined Black protest and massive photo uprisings. Black activists galvanized multi-racial rebellion among GIs, welfare mothers, students, and prisoners.

College campuses and high schools erupted in militant protest, against the Vietnam War. A predominantly white New Left, inspired by the Black movement, fought for an end to U.S. intervention abroad and the Black movement, fought for an end to U.S. intervention abroad and a more humane and cooperative way of life at home. By the late 1960s, deep-rooted resistance had erupted among Chicanos, Puerto Ricans, Asian Americans, and Native Americans. A second wave of broad-based struggle for women's liberation had also emerged, along with significant efforts by lesbians, gay men, and disabled people.

Millions of people in the United States began to reject the dominant ideology and culture. Thousands challenged the racial, political and economic institutions. For a brief moment, the crucial nature of people's confidence in the government and lack of confidence in them, which allows the government to govern, the ruling class to rule... threatened to break down.

By the mid-1970s, this upheaval had largely subsided. Important progressive activity persisted, mainly on a local level, and much continued to be learned and won, but the massive, militant Black and New Left movements were gone. The sense of infinite possibility and of our collective power to shape the future had been lost. Progressive movements disappeared. Radicals found themselves on the defensive as right-wing extremists gained major government positions and defined the contours of accepted political debate.

Dear Reader,
My most sincere apologies for the tiny print.
It is my attempt at conserving paper.
Please ask for a large print version if you like,
I'll do my best to supply it. Thanks, Liberty

Beate Gluck

"Groups Seeking Independence for Puerto Rico" (1960-71): Initially hidden from congressional investigators, and still one of the least well known, this program functioned to disrupt, discredit, and factionalize the island's main centers of anti-colonial resistance, especially the Puerto Rican Socialist Party (PRSP) and Socialist League (SLP). It also appears to have targeted groups fighting for human rights for Puerto Ricans living in the United States, such as the Young Lords Party.

"Border Coverage Program" (1960-71): This program of covert operations against radical Mexican organizations was similarly credited from Congress. The few documents released to date do not indicate how much the FBI used it against 1960s Chicano activists such as the Brown Berets, the Crusade for Justice (Colorado), La Alianza (New Mexico), and the Chicano Moratorium to End the War in Vietnam (Los Angeles), which are known to have been infiltrated and repressed by other government agencies.

"Socialist Workers Party" (1961-69): In addition to ongoing attacks on the SWP and its youth group, the Young Socialist Alliance, this program operated against whomever those groups supported or worked with, especially Malcolm X and the National Mobilization Committee to End the War in Vietnam.

"Black Nationalist Hate Groups" (1967-71): This was the vehicle for the Bureau's all-out assault on Martin Luther King, Jr. In the late 1960s, the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), the Black Panther Party, the Nation of Islam ("Black Muslims"), the National Welfare Rights Organization, the League of Black Revolutionary Workers, the Dodge Revolutionary Union Movement (DRUM), the Revolutionary Action Movement (RAM), the Republic of New Africa (RNA), the Congress of African People, Black student unions, and many local Black churches and community organizations struggling for decent living conditions, justice, equality, and empowerment.

"New Left" (1968-71): A program to destroy Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), the Peace and Freedom Party, the Institute for Policy Studies, and a broad range of anti-war, anti-racist, student, GI, veteran, feminist, lesbian, gay, environmental, Marxist, and anarchist groups, as well as the network of food co-ops, health clinics, child care centers, schools, bookstores, newspapers, community centers, art theaters, rock groups, and communes that formed the infrastructure of the counter-culture.

"White Hate Groups" (1964-71): This unique "program" functioned largely as a component of the FBI's operations against the progressive activists who were CONTELPRO's main targets. Under the cover of

- Ten 1 message not understood
- Ten 2 signal is good
- Ten 3 stop transmitting
- Ten 4 message received (OK)
- Ten 5 relay information to
- Ten 6 station is busy
- Ten 7 out of service
- Ten 8 in service
- Ten 9 repeat last message
- Ten 10 negative (no)
- Ten 11 in service
- Ten 12 stand by
- Ten 13 conditions
- Ten 14 information
- Ten 15 message delivered
- Ten 16 reply to message
- Ten 17 enroute
- Ten 18 urgent
- Ten 19 contact
- Ten 20 unit location
- Ten 21 call by phone
- Ten 22 cancel last message
- Ten 23 arrived at scene
- Ten 24 assignment completed
- Ten 25 meet
- Ten 26 estimated time of arrival is
- Ten 27 request for information on license
- Ten 28 request vehicle registration information
- Ten 29 check records
- Ten 30 use caution
- Ten 31 pick up
- Ten 32 units requested
- Ten 33 emergency help needed
- Ten 34 correct time



CODES

RADIO

POLICE

Beate Gluck

within-office security should be afforded to sensitive operations and technical activities. Their main purpose was to discredit and disrupt. Their very presence served to undermine trust and scare off potential supporters. The FBI and police exploited this fear to smear genuine activists as agents.

2. Psychological Warfare From the Outside: The FBI and police used myriad other "dirty tricks" to undermine progressive movements. They planted false media stories and published bogus letters and other publications in the name of targeted groups. They forged credentials, sent anonymous letters, and made anonymous telephone calls. They spread misinformation about meetings and events, set up pseudo movement groups run by government agents, and manipulated or strong-armed parents, employers, landlords, school officials and others to cause trouble for activists.

3. Harassment Through the Legal System: The FBI and police abused the legal system to harass dissidents and make them appear to be criminals. Officers of the law gave perjured testimony and presented fabricated evidence as a pretext for false arrests and wrongful imprisonment. They discriminatorily enforced tax laws and other government regulations and used conspicuous surveillance, "investigative" interviews, and grand jury subpoenas in an effort to intimidate activists and silence their supporters.

4. Extrajural Force and Violence: The FBI and police threatened, instigated, and themselves conducted break-ins, vandalism, assaults, and beatings. The object was to frighten Black and Puerto Rican activists and their movements. In the case of radical Black and Puerto Rican activists (and later Native Americans), these attacks—including political assassinations—were so extensive, vicious, and calculated that they can accurately be termed a form of official "terrorism."

Each of these CONTELPRO methods is described and analyzed in detail on pages 41-65. Specific examples from the documentary record of the 1960s are presented there, along with practical suggestions for coping with similar attacks in the future.

CONTELPRO's Main Targets

Though the name CONTELPRO sounds for "Counterintelligence Program," the government's targets were not enemy spies. The Senate